

## Problem D. Old Solution Methods

Input file: *standard input*  
Output file: *standard output*  
Time limit: 1 second  
Memory limit: 1024 mebibytes

There are 6 distinct points  $A, B, C, D, E, F$  on the plane. Points  $A, B,$  and  $C$  are not collinear.

Svetozar drew a line  $a$  through points  $A$  and  $D$ , a line  $b$  through points  $B$  and  $E$ , and a line  $c$  through points  $C$  and  $F$ . It turned out that none of these lines are parallel. Now he wants to rotate line  $a$  around point  $A$ , line  $b$  around point  $B$ , and line  $c$  around point  $C$  counterclockwise by the same angle, then find the intersection points of the resulting lines, and then draw a triangle with vertices at the obtained three points (if they are not collinear).

Svetozar wants to obtain a triangle with the largest possible area. If it is not possible to form a triangle, Svetozar considers the area to be zero. Find this area.

### Input

The first line contains a single integer  $T$  ( $1 \leq T \leq 10^5$ ), denoting the number of test cases.

Then  $T$  descriptions of test cases follow. Each description consists of 6 lines, describing points  $A, B, C, D, E, F$  respectively. Each point description consists of two integers  $x$  and  $y$  ( $-20 \leq x, y \leq 20$ ): the coordinates of the point.

It is guaranteed that in each test case all points are distinct, points  $A, B,$  and  $C$  are not collinear, and the lines  $AD, BE,$  and  $CF$  are pairwise not parallel.

### Output

For each test case, output a single real number with an absolute or relative error not exceeding  $10^{-6}$ : the largest possible area of the triangle. It is guaranteed that in none of the tests this area exceeds  $10^7$ .

### Example

standard input	standard output
1 1 1 4 1 4 5 1 2 5 1 5 6	8.500000000

### Note

In the example, the maximum possible area is achieved by rotating the lines by an angle approximately equal to  $104.036^\circ$ . The triangle with the largest area has sides equal to  $\sqrt{17}, \sqrt{17}, \sqrt{34}$ , and vertices at points  $(a, b), (a - 1, b + 4),$  and  $(a + 4, b + 1)$ , where  $a \approx 3.8235, b \approx 1.7059$ .

In the illustration below, the original lines are marked with dashed lines, and the lines after rotation are marked with solid lines:

