

Problem E. Multiplication and Division by 2

Input file: *standard input*
Output file: *standard output*
Time limit: 2 seconds
Memory limit: 512 mebibytes

Consider the number x stored in `uint32` data type. We can multiply or divide it by 2 any number of times in any order. Can we obtain the number y after some sequence of operations?

When a is stored in an `uint32`, and we multiply it by 2, it transforms into $(a \cdot 2) \bmod 2^{32}$. For example, $(3 \cdot 2) \bmod 2^{32} = 6$, and $(2\,147\,483\,649 \cdot 2) \bmod 2^{32} = 2$.

When a is stored in an `uint32`, and we divide it by 2, it transforms into $\lfloor \frac{a}{2} \rfloor$. For example, $\lfloor \frac{6}{2} \rfloor = 3$, and $\lfloor \frac{3}{2} \rfloor = 1$.

Input

The first line contains an integer t , the number of test cases ($1 \leq t \leq 1000$). The next t lines describe test cases, one per line. Each test case is given by two integers x and y ($0 \leq x, y < 2^{32}$).

Output

For each test case, print a single word on a separate line: “Yes” if we can turn x into y using the allowed operations, or “No” otherwise.

Example

standard input	standard output
2	Yes
2147483649 1	No
9 13	

Explanation

In the first test case, we can multiply x by 2, and then divide the result by 2 to get y .

In the second test case, there is no way to turn x into y .