

# Doremy's Paint 2

Input file:            **standard input**  
Output file:           **standard output**  
Time limit:            4 seconds  
Memory limit:         256 megabytes

Doremy has  $n$  buckets of paint which is represented by an array  $a$  of length  $n$ . Bucket  $i$  contains paint with color  $a_i$ . Initially,  $a_i = i$ .

Doremy has  $m$  segments  $[l_i, r_i]$  ( $1 \leq l_i \leq r_i \leq n$ ). Each segment describes an operation. Operation  $i$  is performed as follows:

- For each  $j$  such that  $l_i < j \leq r_i$ , set  $a_j := a_{l_i}$ .

Doremy also selects an integer  $k$ . She wants to know for each integer  $x$  from 0 to  $m - 1$ , the number of distinct colors in the array after performing operations  $x \bmod m + 1, (x + 1) \bmod m + 1, \dots, (x + k - 1) \bmod m + 1$ . Can you help her calculate these values? Note that for each  $x$  individually we start from the initial array and perform only the given  $k$  operations in the given order.

## Input

The first line of input contains three integers  $n, m$ , and  $k$  ( $1 \leq n, m \leq 2 \cdot 10^5, 1 \leq k \leq m$ ) — the length of the array  $a$ , the total number of operations, and the integer that Doremy selects.

The  $i$ -th line of the following  $m$  lines contains two integers  $l_i, r_i$  ( $1 \leq l_i \leq r_i \leq n$ ) — the bounds of the  $i$ -th segment.

## Output

Output  $m$  integers. The  $(x + 1)$ -th integer should be the number of distinct colors in the array if we start from the initial array and perform operations  $x \bmod m + 1, (x + 1) \bmod m + 1, \dots, (x + k - 1) \bmod m + 1$ .

## Examples

standard input	standard output
7 5 5 3 5 2 3 4 6 5 7 1 2	3 3 3 3 2
10 9 4 1 1 2 3 3 4 7 9 6 8 5 7 2 4 9 10 1 3	6 6 7 6 5 5 7 7 7

## Note

In the first test case, the picture below shows the resulting array for the values of  $x = 0, 1, 2$  respectively.

