

There are given  $N$  rectangles on the plane. Rectangle sides are parallel to coordinate axis. These rectangles may overlap, coincide or be drawn inside one another. Their vertices have non-negative integer coordinates and  $x$  coordinates do not exceed  $x_{\max}$  and  $y$  coordinates do not exceed  $y_{\max}$ .

A segment is started in the point  $A(0, 0)$  and ended in point  $B$ . The coordinates of the point  $B$  (the other end of the segment) satisfy the following conditions:

- The coordinates of  $B$  are integer numbers;
- The point  $B$  belongs either to the segment  $[(0, y_{\max}), (x_{\max}, y_{\max})]$  or to the segment  $[(x_{\max}, 0), (x_{\max}, y_{\max})]$ ;

The segment  $AB$  might cross rectangles (we assume that crossing takes place even if only one rectangle vertex is crossed).

### Task

Write a program to find a point  $B$  for which the segment  $AB$  crosses as many rectangles as possible.

### Input

The first line of the input file `rect.in` contains three integers:  $x_{\max}, y_{\max}$  ( $0 < x_{\max}, y_{\max} \leq 10^9$ ) and  $N$  ( $1 \leq N \leq 10000$ ). Each of the following  $N$  lines contains four integers: coordinates of the bottom left corner  $x_{bl}$  and  $y_{bl}$  and coordinates of the top right corner  $x_{tr}$  and  $y_{tr}$ . Neighbouring numbers are separated by single space character.

### Output

On the first and only line of the output file `rect.out` three integer numbers should be written. First – the maximum number of crossed rectangles followed by  $x$  and  $y$  coordinates of point  $B$ . Neighbouring numbers must be separated by single space character.

If there are several solutions, find any one of them.

### Example (corresponds to the drawing)

<code>rect.in</code>	<code>rect.out</code>
22 14 8	5 22 12
1 8 7 11	
18 10 20 12	
17 1 19 7	
12 2 16 3	
16 7 19 9	
8 4 12 11	
7 4 9 6	
10 5 11 6	
	<i>Remark: Another possible solution is</i> 5 22 11

