

# Buses

Input file:            **standard input**  
Output file:           **standard output**  
Time limit:            1 second  
Memory limit:         256 megabytes

There is a long straight road of length  $\ell$  meters, where position  $p$  denotes the point on the road that is  $p$  meters away from the starting point. Along this road, there are  $n$  buses moving in the positive direction, each traveling at the **same constant speed** of  $x$  meters per minute. The  $i$ -th bus is currently at position  $s_i$  and continues moving until it reaches its designated destination at position  $t_i$ . Once a bus reaches its destination, it ceases operation and all passengers must disembark.

There are also  $m$  people who wish to reach the end of the road (position  $\ell$ ). The current position of the  $i$ -th person is  $p_i$ , and each person can walk at a speed of **at most**  $y$  meters per minute. If a person is at the same position as a bus, they may hop on the bus instantly. While riding a bus, they may hop off at any moment. The time required to board or leave a bus is considered negligible. Buses always move at a constant speed  $x$  and never wait for passengers.

Your task is to determine the minimum possible time for each person to reach the end of the road.

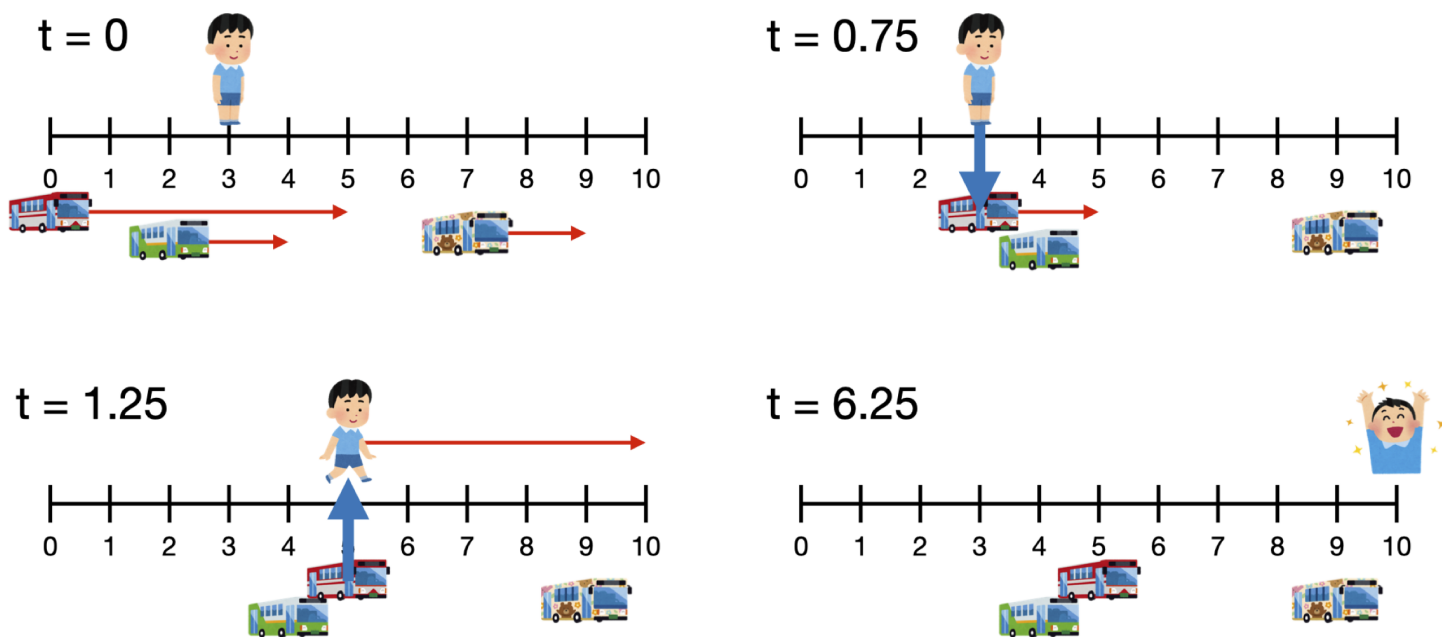


Figure 1: An illustration for sample input 1.

## Input

The first line contains five integers  $n$ ,  $m$ ,  $\ell$ ,  $x$  and  $y$ , representing the number of buses, the number of people, the length of the road, the speed of the buses, and the walking speed of the people, respectively.

The  $i$ -th of the following  $n$  lines contains two integers  $s_i$  and  $t_i$ , representing the starting position and the destination position of the  $i$ -th bus.

The  $i$ -th of the following  $m$  lines contains one integer  $p_i$ , representing the current position of the  $i$ -th person.

- $1 \leq n \leq 2 \times 10^5$
- $1 \leq m \leq 2 \times 10^5$

- $1 \leq \ell \leq 10^9$
- $1 \leq y < x \leq 10^6$
- $0 \leq s_i < t_i \leq \ell$
- $0 \leq p_i \leq \ell$

## Output

Print  $m$  lines. The  $i$ -th line contains a number which is the minimum time (in minutes) for the  $i$ -th person to reach the end of the road.

Your answer will be accepted if the absolute or relative error does not exceed  $10^{-6}$ . Formally, let your answer be  $a$ , and the jury's answer be  $b$ . Your answer is considered correct if  $\frac{|a-b|}{\max(1,|b|)} \leq 10^{-6}$ .

## Examples

standard input	standard output
3 3 10 4 1 0 5 2 4 7 9 3 8 5	6.25 1.5 5
1 3 100 100 1 1 2 0 1 2	100 98.01 98

## Note

**Explanation of Sample 1:** A person initially at position  $p = 3$  can reach the end of the road in 6.25 minutes as follows:

- Wait for Bus 1 to arrive.
- Hop on the bus and ride it until it reaches its destination at position  $t_1 = 5$ .
- Get off the bus and walk the remaining distance to position  $\ell = 10$ .

As shown in Figure 1, the total time spent is 6.25 minutes, which is the minimum possible.