

Problem H. Intervals

Input file: `intervals.in`
Output file: `intervals.out`
Time limit: 6 seconds
Memory limit: 256 megabytes

An integer number is called *good* if it consists of *good* digits.

You are given N intervals $[L_i, R_i]$ and the set of digits which are considered *good*. Find how many ways there are to choose one integer from each of those intervals so that their sum will be a *good* number. You can choose the same number in multiple intervals. Two ways are considered different if there exists an integer i ($1 \leq i \leq N$) such that different integers are chosen from interval i . The answer may be large, so you have to give it modulo $10^9 + 7$.

Input

The first line of input contains ten integers: i -th of them is equal to 1 if digit i is *good* and 0 otherwise. These integers are numbered from 0 to 9. The next line contains a single integer N ($1 \leq N \leq 7$): the number of intervals. Next N lines contain two integers each without leading zeros: L_i and R_i ($0 \leq L_i \leq R_i < 10^{10}$).

Output

Print the number of ways modulo $10^9 + 7$.

Examples

<code>intervals.in</code>	<code>intervals.out</code>
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 4 6 15 19	15
1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 4 6 15 19	7
1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 4 6 15 19	0