

# Follow the Sequence

Input file:            **standard input**  
Output file:           **standard output**  
Time limit:            2 seconds  
Memory limit:         512 megabytes

In a two-dimensional Cartesian coordinate system, you begin at the origin  $(0, 0)$ .

You are given a string  $s$  of length  $n$ , representing a walking sequence. The  $i$ -th character  $s_i$  belongs to the set  $\{\mathbf{U}, \mathbf{D}, \mathbf{L}, \mathbf{R}\}$ .

An infinitely long string  $s'$  is constructed by repeating  $s$  indefinitely. Formally,  $s'_i = s_{((i-1) \bmod n)+1}$ .

Now, you process each character of  $s'$  in order, moving according to the following rules:

- If  $s'_i = \mathbf{U}$ , move to  $(x, y + 1)$ .
- If  $s'_i = \mathbf{D}$ , move to  $(x, y - 1)$ .
- If  $s'_i = \mathbf{L}$ , move to  $(x - 1, y)$ .
- If  $s'_i = \mathbf{R}$ , move to  $(x + 1, y)$ .

This process continues indefinitely. You are also given  $m$  key points, where the  $i$ -th key point has coordinates  $(p_i, q_i)$ . Your task is to determine the number of **distinct** key points that are visited during the infinite walking process.

Note that multiple key points may coincide, in which case they are still considered distinct key points.

## Input

The input consists of multiple test cases. The first line contains an integer  $t$  ( $1 \leq t \leq 5 \cdot 10^5$ ), the number of test cases. For each test case:

- The first line contains two integers  $n$  and  $m$  ( $1 \leq n, m \leq 5 \cdot 10^5$ ), where  $n$  is the length of the string  $s$  and  $m$  is the number of key points.
- The second line contains the string  $s$  of length  $n$ .
- The next  $m$  lines each contain two integers  $p_i$  and  $q_i$  ( $-10^9 \leq p_i, q_i \leq 10^9$ ), representing the coordinates of a key point.

It is guaranteed that the sum of  $n$  and the sum of  $m$  over all test cases do not exceed  $5 \cdot 10^5$ .

## Output

For each test case, output a single line containing a single integer, representing the number of distinct key points visited.

## Example

standard input	standard output
3	2
6 3	4
DUDUDU	2
0 0	
1 0	
0 -1	
6 5	
DUDULU	
0 0	
-1 0	
0 -1	
-1 -1	
-1 1	
5 5	
ULUUL	
-624531741 651883826	
-1 2	
-312566309 468849463	
-212530129 633866239	
672824982 -674189680	

## Note

In the first test case, only two key points  $(0, 0)$  and  $(0, -1)$  are visited.

In the second test case, four key points  $(0, 0)$ ,  $(0, -1)$ ,  $(-1, 0)$  and  $(-1, 1)$  are visited.