



## Task Neboderi

Domagoj is in the big city of London! Right now, there is a sequence of tall skyscrapers in front of him and he wants to take a photograph to remember the moment.

The sequence of skyscrapers can be represented as a sequence of  $n$  numbers  $h_1, h_2, \dots, h_n$  where the number  $h_i$  represents the height of the  $i$ -th skyscraper. Domagoj will photograph a contiguous subsequence of skyscrapers. To capture more of the city's beauty, he wants to photograph at least  $k$  skyscrapers.



Domagoj has a strange sense of beauty of a photograph. He is very happy when there are tall skyscrapers in the photograph, but he is even happier when their heights have a large common divisor! If we label the heights of the contiguous skyscrapers on the photograph with  $h_l, \dots, h_r$ , and with  $g$  the greatest common divisor of the selected heights, then Domagoj defines the beauty of the photograph as  $g \cdot (h_l + \dots + h_r)$ .

Help Domagoj determine the beauty of the most beautiful photograph with at least  $k$  skyscrapers!

### Input

The first line contains two integers  $n, k$  ( $1 \leq k \leq n \leq 10^6$ ), the number of skyscrapers, and the number  $k$ .

The second line contains  $n$  integers  $h_1, h_2, \dots, h_n$  ( $1 \leq h_i \leq 10^6$ ), the heights of the skyscrapers, in order.

### Output

Print a single line with the required number from the task.

### Scoring

Subtask	Points	Constraints
1	11	$n, k \leq 100$
2	22	$n, k \leq 5000$
3	27	$h_i \leq 100$
4	18	$n, k \leq 5 \cdot 10^4$
5	32	No additional constraints.

### Examples

**input**

```
6 2
2 1 4 4 4 2
```

**output**

```
48
```

**input**

```
4 1
7 3 9 4
```

**output**

```
81
```

#### Clarification of the first example:

Domagoj photographed skyscrapers ( 4, 4, 4 ), so the total beauty is  $4 \cdot (4 + 4 + 4) = 48$

#### Clarification of the second example:

Domagoj photographed only the skyscraper ( 9 ), so the total beauty is  $9 \cdot 9 = 81$ .