

## Problem I. Nice Numbers

Input file: *standard input*  
Output file: *standard output*  
Time limit: 1 second  
Memory limit: 512 mebibytes

In positional base- $d$  notation, an integer  $K = (A_1A_2\dots A_m)_d$  (where  $A_i \in [0, d)$  and  $A_1 \neq 0$ ) is called *good* if and only if  $A_1, \dots, A_m$  is a permutation of integers from 0 to  $d - 1$ .

A number  $K$  is *nice* if and only if there exists at least one  $d \geq 2$  such that  $K$  is good in positional base- $d$  notation.

Calculate the number of nice numbers in the interval  $[L, R]$ . As the answer may be very large, find it modulo 998 244 353.

### Input

The first line of the input contains two integers  $L$  and  $R$  ( $1 \leq L \leq R \leq 10^{5000}$ ).

### Output

Print a single line with a single integer: the answer modulo 998 244 353.

### Examples

| standard input   | standard output |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 5 20             | 3               |
| 123456 123456789 | 114480          |