

Problem F. Shuffle

Input file: **standard input**
Output file: **standard output**
Time limit: **2 seconds**
Memory limit: **512 megabytes**

Given a string of even length $s = s_1 \dots s_n$, we define shuffle operation which transforms a string into a new string according to the following rule:

$$\text{shuffle}(s) = s_1 s_3 \dots s_{n-1} s_2 s_4 \dots s_n$$

For example, $\text{shuffle}(\text{abcdef}) = \text{acebdf}$.

You are given two strings of equal even length, s and t . How many times do you have to apply shuffle operation to s in order to get t as a result?

In the other words, find minimum k such that $\underbrace{\text{shuffle}(\text{shuffle}(\dots \text{shuffle}(s) \dots))}_{k \text{ times}} = t$ or report that it is not possible to reach t in any number of operations.

Input

The first line of input contains a string s , the second contains a string t ($|s| = |t|$, $2 \leq |s| \leq 10^6$, $|s|$ is even). Both strings consist of lowercase English characters.

Output

Print minimum non-negative k such that it is possible to obtain t from s by applying shuffle operation k times (or maybe not applying at all if $k = 0$), or print -1 if it is impossible.

Examples

standard input	standard output
abcdef aedcbf	2
petrozavodsk poztsvoedark	3
qwerty ytrewq	-1