



# Problem K

## Washer

Time Limit: 1 Second

You have  $n$  clothes and a washer. The washer is large enough to wash all clothes at once. However, we should worry about the color transfer: if we put clothes of different colors in the washer, the dye from one may stain another. Precisely, let  $r_i, g_i, b_i$  denote the amount of red, green, blue color of the  $i$ -th clothes. When  $n$  clothes are washed together, the *color transfer*  $c$  is defined by

$$c = \sum_{i=1}^n (r_i - r)^2 + (g_i - g)^2 + (b_i - b)^2$$

where  $r, g$ , and  $b$  are the averages of  $r_i, g_i$ , and  $b_i$ , respectively. The  $i$ -th clothes with  $r_i, g_i$ , and  $b_i$  is defined as a point  $(r_i, g_i, b_i)$  in 3-dimensional RGB space. You can assume that no three points (clothes) are on a same line and no four points (clothes) are on a same plane in RGB space.

The washer consumes a lot of electricity, and you have to partition  $n$  clothes into at most  $k$  groups, and run the washer for each group. The total color transfer is the sum of color transfers from each run. Given the color information of  $n$  clothes and  $k$ , write a program to calculate the minimum total color transfer.

### Input

Your program is to read from standard input. The first line contains two integers  $n$  ( $1 \leq n \leq 100$ ) and  $k$  ( $1 \leq k \leq 2$ ). In the following  $n$  lines, the  $i$ -th line contains three integers  $r_i, g_i, b_i$  ( $0 \leq r_i, g_i, b_i \leq 1,000$ ).

### Output

Your program is to write to standard output. Print exactly one line containing the minimum total color transfer, rounded to the sixth decimal point.

#### Sample Input 1

```
2 1
36 16 85
74 87 38
```

#### Output for the Sample Input 1

```
4347.000000
```

#### Sample Input 2

```
1 2
12 26 90
```

#### Output for the Sample Input 2

```
0.000000
```

#### Sample Input 3

```
3 2
93 50 26
40 0 77
99 10 29
```

#### Output for the Sample Input 3

```
822.500000
```